

Plan for and support development	Provide new challenges and responsibilities	Provide opportunities to learn from/teach others	Champion experimentation and improvement	Provide coaching and developmental feedback
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify the critical capabilities required for your team to be successful and use as the basis for team and individual development planning. 2. Work collaboratively with team members to build tailored development plans for individuals. 3. Take the time to find out what motivates each individual and work with them to align some of their tasks and objectives to these drivers. 4. Encourage as least one major 'learning' experience per annum for each team member. 5. Work with individuals to identify specific development goals for formal development activities, such as training programs, courses, conferences and further studies. 6. Provide opportunities after formal development activities to put new skills and knowledge into practice and provide mentoring or coaching support. 7. Allocate time in business plans for learning and development activities. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Give people extra responsibility for a short period, e.g. higher duties or acting roles whilst team members are on leave 2. Identify secondments, job rotation and stretch project opportunities that align with an individual's motivational drivers. 3. Consider expanding the scope, responsibilities or decision-making authority for people in their roles. 4. Work with individuals to ensure there is sufficient challenge in their roles, and that they are supported through their learning curves. 5. Encourage people to actively reflect on their learning from experiences (perhaps through journaling) 6. Delegate parts of your role with the intention of both getting the job done and for development. 7. Find opportunities for them to be 'the expert' where they use their key strengths. 8. Find opportunities for supervision of others. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ask individuals to teach others about an area they are 'expert' in or conversely an area they do not know much about. 2. Ask a team member to learn more about another area of the business and share insights with rest of the team. 3. Ask each person to profile their role so other team members can learn about what it is like to have that job (even have a team mate shadow them for a day). 4. Encourage buddying up, mentoring, being co-coaches, seeking advice from industry specialists. 5. Suggest to individuals that they participate in a community of practice, action learning team, special interest forum, Linked In discussion groups. 6. Establish a regular program of individual's researching interesting topics or concepts and then presenting and exploring with team members. 7. Encourage site visits – customers, stakeholders, best practice organisations. 8. Give people responsibility to lead a post project review and share the learnings with others. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ask an individual or team to write and present a proposal for a new policy, process, product, service or system and present to key decision makers. 2. Arrange for people to lead/participate in a cross functional project that looks to solve a long standing departmental issue. 3. Ask all team members to identify processes to improve and present options. 4. Run team problem solving sessions. 5. Encourage people to try out some new ideas. 6. Ensure team members don't feel embarrassed by mistakes and are comfortable to discuss them and the learnings from them with the leader and others in the team. 7. React to successes and failures with a learning orientation – what worked well, what didn't, what did you learn, how can these learnings be applied? 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hold regular one on one meetings with each team member to discuss progress and provide feedback about the quality and impact of their work. 2. Coach people through problems rather than stepping in to solve. 3. Provide prompt developmental feedback on specific tasks and activities. 4. Use 'feedforward' instead of feedback where appropriate. 5. Encourage individuals to seek 360° feedback from a range of people. 6. Establish a 'critical friend' approach around particular assignments or pieces of work. 7. Enlist the support of external coaching for individuals to support their development and growth.